

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Analiza časovnih vrst
Course title:	Time series analysis

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Fizika 2. st.		1	2
Physics 2 nd degree		1	2

Vrsta predmeta / Course type izbirni/ optional

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
60					90	5

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer: Matjaž Perc

Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lectures:	Slovenski/Slovenian in/and angleški/English
	Vaje / Tutorial:	Slovenski/Slovenian in/and angleški/English

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Ni pogojev.

Prerequisites:

None.

Vsebina:

Linearne metode in splošna terminologija, Nelinearne metode, Meritve realnih sistemov in šum, Koncept - vsa informacija je v eni spremenljivki, Rekonstrukcija faznega prostora, Determinizem in stacionarnost, Invariantne količine, Surrogate testi, Kontrola kaosa.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Linear methods and general terminology, Nonlinear methods, Measurements of real word systems and noise, The concept - all the information is stored in a single variable, Phase space reconstruction, Determinism and stationarity, Invariant quantities, Surrogate tests, Chaos control.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

1. H. Kantz in T. Schreiber, *Nonlinear time series analysis* (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2002).
2. H. D. I. Abarbanel, *Analysis of observed chaotic data* (Springer, New York, 1996).
3. M. Small, *Applied Nonlinear Time Series Analysis* (World Scientific Publishing, Singapore, 2005).
4. J. C. Sprott, *Chaos and Time-Series Analysis* (Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2003).

Cilji in kompetence:

Podati pregled metod, razvitih v okviru teorije nelinearnih dinamičnih sistemov, katere je moč uporabiti na realnih izmerjenih podatkih.

Objectives and competences:

To provide an overview of methods, developed in the framework of the theory of nonlinear dynamical systems, which can be used on real-life measured data.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Intended learning outcomes:

Znanje in razumevanje:
 Obvladovanje metod, razvitih v okviru teorije nelinearnih dinamičnih sistemov, katere je moč uporabiti na realnih izmerjenih podatkih.

Prenesljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi:
 Sposobnost aplikacije spoznanih metod na poljubnih sistemih in v okviru različnih znanstvenih panog, ter tako zagotoviti interdisciplinarni pristop k reševanju problemov.

Knowledge and understanding:
 Mastering methods, developed in the framework of the theory of nonlinear dynamical systems, which can be used on real-life measured data.

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:
 The ability to apply above methods on various systems and in the framework of different scientific disciplines, thus assuring an interdisciplinary approach to problem solving.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, projektno delo.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, project work.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Ustni izpit
 Opravljeno projektno delo

Delež (v %) /
 Weight (in %)

50%
 50%

Assessment:

Oral exam
 Done project work

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

GINOUX, Jean-Marc, RUSKEEPÄÄ, Heikki, PERC, Matjaž, NAECK, Roomila, DI COSTANZO, Véronique, BOUCHOUICHA, Moez, FNAIECH, Farhat, SAYADI, Mounir, HAMD, Takoua. Is type 1 diabetes a chaotic phenomenon?. Chaos, solitons and fractals. [Print ed.], 2018, vol. 111, str. 198-205, doi: 10.1016/j.chaos.2018.03.033. [COBISS.SI-ID 24052232], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 7. 2. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 2, čistih citatov (CI): 1, Scopus do 29. 4. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 4, čistih citatov (CI): 3]

NARIN, Ali, ISLER, Yalcin, OZER, Mahmut, PERC, Matjaž. Early prediction of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation based on short-term heart rate variability. Physica. A, Statistical mechanics and its applications, ISSN 0378-4371. [Print ed.], 2018, vol. 509, str. 56-65, doi: 10.1016/j.physa.2018.06.022. [COBISS.SI-ID 24163848], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 1. 2. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 1, čistih citatov (CI): 0, Scopus do 29. 4. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 2, čistih citatov (CI): 1]

GOSAK, Marko, STOŽER, Andraž, MARKOVIČ, Rene, DOLENŠEK, Jurij, MARHL, Marko, RUPNIK, Marjan, PERC, Matjaž. The relationship between node degree and dissipation rate in networks of diffusively coupled oscillators and its significance for pancreatic beta cells. Chaos, ISSN 1054-1500, July 2015, vol. 25, iss. 7, 073115-1-073115-8, doi: 10.1063/1.4926673. [COBISS.SI-ID 512523576], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 13. 1. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 11, čistih citatov (CI): 7, Scopus do 28. 12. 2018: št. citatov (TC): 11, čistih citatov (CI): 7]

PERC, Matjaž. Nonlinear time series analysis of the human electrocardiogram. European journal of physics, ISSN 0143-0807, 2005, vol. 26, no. 5, str. 757-768, ilustr. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1088/0143-0807/26/5/008>. [COBISS.SI-ID 14505992], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 28. 4. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 70, čistih citatov (CI): 62, Scopus do 18. 5. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 85, čistih citatov (CI): 77]

HELBING, Dirk, BROCKMANN, Dirk, CHADEFaux, Thomas, DONNAY, Karsten, BLANKE, Ulf, WOOLLEY-MEZA, Olivia, MOUSSAID, Mehdi, JOHANSSON, Anders, KRAUSE, Jens, SCHUTTE, Sebastian, PERC, Matjaž. Saving human lives : what complexity science and information systems can contribute. Journal of statistical physics, ISSN 0022-4715, 2015, vol. 158, iss. 3, str. 735-781, doi: 10.1007/s10955-014-1024-9. [COBISS.SI-ID 21182728], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 12. 5. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 104, čistih citatov (CI): 100, Scopus do 28. 5. 2019: št. citatov (TC): 128, čistih citatov (CI): 124]