



Univerza v Mariboru

Fakulteta za naravoslovje
in matematiko

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Ekologija rastlin obmorskih habitatov
Course title:	Plant Ecology of Coastal Marine Habitats

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Biologija in ekologija z naravovarstvom, 2. stopnja	/	1. ali 2.	2/3
Biology and Ecology with Nature Conservation, 2 nd cycle	/	1st or 2nd	2/3

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Laboratorijske vaje Laboratory work	Terenske vaje / Field work	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30			10	5	135	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Jeziki /	Predavanja / Lectures:	<input type="text" value="Slovenski / Slovenian"/>
Languages:	Vaje / Tutorial:	<input type="text" value="Slovenski / Slovenian"/>

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:	Prerequisites:
<input type="text" value="Jih ni."/>	<input type="text" value="None."/>

Vsebina: **Content (Syllabus outline):**

- Značilnosti obmorskih habitatov
- Ekološki gradienti od morja proti kopnemu
- Razširjenost vrst po gradientu
- Prilagoditve halofitov od semena do odrasle rastline
- Sobivanje vrst
- Obmorski habitatni tipi in združbe halofitov

- Characteristics of coastal marine habitats
- Coastal ecological gradients
- Species distribution along gradient
- Adaptations of halophytes from seed to mature plant
- Species coexistence
- Coastal marine habitat types and halophyte communities

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

Temeljna literatura / Basic readings:

- Jogan, N., M. Kaligarič, M., I. Leskovar, A. Seliškar, J. Dobravec, 2004: Habitatni tipi Slovenije HTS 2004. Tipologija. Agencija republike Slovenije za okolje. Ljubljana.
- Ungar, I. A., 1991: Ecophysiology of vascular halophytes. CRC Press, Boca Ranton.

Priporočena literatura/ Recommended literature:

- Little, C., Williams, G.A., Trowbridge, C.D., 2009: The Biology of Rocky Shores. Oxford University Press.
- Maun, M.A., 2009: The Biology of Coastal Sand Dunes. Oxford University Press.
- Rdeči seznam ogroženih rastlinskih vrst

Cilji in kompetence:

- Identificiranje in opis značilnosti posameznih obmorskih habitatov.
- Primerjava raznolikost obmorskih habitatov.
- Razvrstitev habitatov v habitatne tipe ter kategorizacija glede na rastlinske združbe.
- Analiziranje različnih ekoloških gradientov, ki so prisotni in opredelitev njihovega vpliva na razširjenost posameznih halofitnih vrst.
- Ovrednotenje osnovnih prilagoditev halofitov na nivoju semena, anatomije, morfologije in na funkcionalnem nivoju.
- Primerjanje dejavnikov, ki omogočajo sobivanje vrst vzdolž gradienta.
- Ovrednotenje pestrosti obmorskih habitatov in njihove prisotnosti na slovenski obali.

Objectives and competences:

- Identification of basic characteristics of coastal marine habitats.
- Comparison of marine coastal habitat diversity.
- Categorization of habitats according to habitat types and plant communities.
- Analysis of various ecological gradients present and their influence on distribution of halophytes.
- Evaluation of halophyte adaptations on the level of seeds to the levels of anatomy, morphology and functionality of adult plant.
- Comparison of factors, which enable species coexistence along gradients.
- Evaluation of the coastal marine habitats biodiversity and their occurrence along the Slovenian coast.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Intended learning outcomes:

Po uspešno opravljene učne enote naj bi bili študenti zmožni:

- opredeliti različne obmorske habitate s poudarkom na habitatih, ki se pojavljajo na slovenski obali;
- opredeliti osnovno habitatno tipologijo in rastlinske združbe halofitov
- primerjati dejavnike, ki vplivajo na vzorce pojavljanja halofitov vzdolž gradienta;
- pojasniti prilagoditve halofitov od posebnosti pri kalitvi semen do anatomske zgradbe in funkcionalnega nivoja odraslih rastlin.

By the end of this course students should be able to:

- define the variability of coastal habitats, especially of those present at the Slovenian coast;
- define the basic habitat typology and halophytic communities;
- compare factors influencing the distribution patterns of halophytes along the elevation gradient
- explain the halophytes' adaptations from seed germination to anatomical structure and functional level of mature plants.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja
- Terenske vaje
- Laboratorijske vaje
- Individualno delo

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Field work
- Laboratory work
- Individual work

Delež (v %) /

Weight (in %)

Načini ocenjevanja:

Assessment:

<p>Način (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prisotnost na terenskih in laboratorijskih vajah pogoj za pristop k izpitu • Pisni izpit 	<p>5% 95%</p>	<p>Type (examination, oral, coursework, project):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory work and field trip attendance prerequisite for access to exam • Written exam
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

- ŠAJNA, Nina. (2016) Alien plant species invading rare and protected habitats in Slovenia. V: TRAVLOS, Ilias S. (ur.). *Weed and pest control : molecular biology, practices and environmental impact*, (Plant science research and practices). New York: Nova Publishers. str. 35-54.
- IVAJNŠIČ, Danijel, ŠAJNA, Nina, KALIGARIČ, Mitja. (2016) Primary succession on re-created coastal wetland leads to successful restoration of coastal halophyte vegetation. *Landscape and Urban Planning*, vol. 150, str. 79-86.
- IVAJNŠIČ, Danijel, LIPEJ, Lovrenc, ŠKORNIK, Iztok, KALIGARIČ, Mitja. (2017) The sea level rise impact on four seashore breeding birds: the key study of Sečovlje Salina Nature Park. *Climatic change*, vol. 140, str. 549-562.
- IVAJNŠIČ, Danijel, KALIGARIČ, Mitja, FANTINATO, Edy, DEL VECCHIO, Silva, BUFFA, Gabriella. (2018) The fate of coastal habitats in the Venice Lagoon from the sea level rise perspective. *Applied geography*, 2018, vol. 98, str. 34-42.