



Univerza v Mariboru

Fakulteta za naravoslovje
in matematiko

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Odzivi rastlinske celice na okoljske dejavnike
Course title:	Plant cell responses to environmental impacts

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Univerzitetni študijski program Ekologija z naravovarstvom, 1. stopnja		2. ali 3.	3. ali 4. ali 5. ali 6.
Undergraduate university programme Ecology with Nature Conservation, 1st degree		2nd or 3rd	3. or or 4. or 5. or 6.

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Izbirni/Elective

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Laboratoriji ke <u>Seminarske vaje</u> Tutorial	vaje <u>Klinične vaje</u> <u>Lab. work</u>	Druge oblike študija <u>Teren</u> <u>ske vaje</u> <u>Field work</u>	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30		15	<u>15</u>		135	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Andreja URBANEK KRAJNC, Saška LIPOVŠEK

Jeziki /
Languages:

Predavanja /
Lectures:
Vaje / Tutorial:

slovenski / slovene

slovenski / slovene

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje
študijskih obveznosti:

Prerequisites:



Vsebina:

Uvodno predavanje (Zakaj proučujemo rastline, zgodovina in temelji mikroskopije)

Vpliv okoljskih dejavnikov na rastlinsko celico, celične tipe in celične kompartmente

Spremembe v strukturi celičnih organelov, spremembe v permeabilnosti membran, spremembe v vsebnosti snovi, spremembe v izražanju genov za proteine pomembne v rezistomu, programirana celična smrt.

Celična stena:

Kemijska zgradba, rast v dolžino in vloga citoskeletnih elementov, plazmodezme-zgradba in funkcija v patosistemi, mineralni vključki in njihov pomen v rastlinski fiziologiji, posebni tipi celične stene, obramba pred patogeni in škodljivci, primeri raziskav nekaterih patosistemov.

Vakuola:

Zgradba, funkcija, biogeneza, transport skozi tonoplast (membranski proteini, glutationska črpalka), vakuola kot založni in litični kompartment, strukturna vloga, turgorska gibanja, vektorska sinteza sladkorjev, vpliv nizkih temperatur (»low temperature sweetening«), solni stres, težke kovine in privzem v vakuolo, vakuola v obrambi pred patogeni in škodljivci, vakuolarni sekundarni metaboliti, vakuolarni encimi, mehanizmi preprečevanja avtotoksicitete.

Plastidi:

Zgradba, tipi plastidov, biogeneza, evolucija plastidov, plastidno dedovanje, import

Content (Syllabus outline):

Introduction (Why study plants, history and the basic principles of microscopy)

The environmental impacts on plant cell, cell types and cell compartments

substructural changes of cell organelles, changes in membrane permeability, alterations in chemical compounds, changes in the gene expression of proteins involved in resistome, programmed cell death.

Cell wall:

Chemical structure and plant cell wall growth, the significance of cytoskeleton, plasmodesmata-structure and function in different patosystems, cell wall mineral inclusions and their role in plant physiology, the significance of cell wall in defense against pathogens and pests, case studies of selected pathosystems.

Vacuole:

Structure and function, biogenesis, transport through tonoplast (membrane proteins, glutathione pump), vacuole as a storage and lytic organelle, structural function, turgor movements, tonoplast sugar transport and vector synthesis, low temperature sweetening, salt stress, heavy metals detoxification, significance of vacuole in defense against pathogens and pests (vacuolar secondary metabolites, vacuolar enzymes, mechanisms of avoiding autotoxicity)

Plastids:

proteinov, signalna transdukcija, vpliv biotskih in abiotskih dejavnikov na ultrastrukturo plastidov (sušni stres, abscizinska kislina-princip ionske kletke, radiacijski stres, biotski stres), plastidi kot tarča genskega inženiringa za pridobivanje polimerov.

Mitohondriji:

Zgradba, evolucija mitohondrijev, mitohondrijsko dedovanje, vpliv biotskih in abiotskih dejavnikov na ultrastrukturo mitohondrijev (vročinski stres in hsp-proteini, radiacijski stres, sušni stres, hipoxia)

Sinteza in vloga antioksidantov v celičnih organelih in odpravljanje reaktivnih kisikovih vrst(askorbatno-glutathionska veriga, ksantofilni cikel, tokoferoli)

Programirana celična smrt pri rastlinah (ozadje PCS, kategorije celične smrti v rastlinah)

Povzetek stresnih dejavnikov na nivoju celice (sušni stres, foto-termični stres, vpliv visokih in nizkih temperatur, solni stres, hipoksija-anoksija, zračni polutanti, biotski stres)

Laboratorijske vaje in mikroskopija

določanje simptomov na nivoju celičnih organelov, celic in organov na podlagi TEM mikrofotografij,

določanje in lokaliziranje akumuliranih strupenih snovi v celicah,

standardizirani testi ugotavljanja genotoksičnosti (Allium-test, Tradescantia-test).

priprava vzorcev in fiksiranje preparatov, izolacija protoplastov

tehnike barvanja preparatov v svetlobni mikroskopiji, fluorescenčna barvila, imunohistokemijske in imunocitokemijske metode, histokemična lokalizacija glutathiona v povezavi s toksičnostjo težkih kovin

Structure, different types of plastids, biogenesis, evolution, plastid inheritance, protein import, signal transduction, the impact of biotic and abiotic factors on plastid ultrastructure (drought stress, abscisic acid-principle of ion cage, radiation stress, biotic stress) plastids as target of genetic engineering principles for polymer synthesis.

Mitochondria:

Structure, evolution, mitochondrial inheritance, the impact of biotic and abiotic factors on mitochondria ultrastructure (heat shock proteins, radiation stress, drought stress, hipoxia)

The antioxidant synthesis and their significance in cell organelles, reactive oxygen removal (ascorbate-glutathione cycle, xanthophyll cycle, tocopherols)

Programmed cell death in plants (many ways to exit, cell death categories in plants)

Summary: abiotic and biotic stress factors at the cellular level (drought stress, photo-thermal stress, high – low temperature stress, salt stress, hipoxia-anoxia, air pollutants, biotic stress)

Laboratory work and microscopy

symptom characterization of altered life functions within cell organelles (TEM micrographs)

determination and localization of accumulated toxic compounds in cells,

standardized genotoxicology tests (Allium-Test, Tradescantia-Test).

specimen preparation and fixation protocols

isolation of protoplasts

staining methods in light microscopy, fluorescent dyes, immunohistochemical and immunocytochemical methods, histochemical localization of glutathione in combination with heavy metal toxicity.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

OBVEZNA LITERATURA:

Thomas D. Pollard, William C. Earnshaw, Jennifer Lippincott-Schwartz, Graham Johnson, 2022. Cell Biology. 4th Edition, Saunders Elsevier, Philadelphia. Print.

ALBERTS, BRUCE, 2019. ESSENTIAL CELL BIOLOGY ; EDITION: FIFTH EDITION; PUBLISHER: W.W. NORTON & COMPANY, NEW YORK, 2019.

Veranič, P., Romih, R., Pšeničnik, M., 2009: Praktični pouk celične biologije. TZS, Ljubljana.

Jezernik, K., Veranič, P., Sterle, M., 2012: Celična biologija. Učbenik za študente Medicinske fakultete. DZS, Ljubljana.

Dariš B., Lipovšek S.: Biologija celice: navodila za laboratorijske vaje. Maribor: Univerza v Mariboru, Univerzitetna založba, 2021

DODATNA LITERATURA:

Batič F. in Košmrlj – Levačič B. 2023. Botanični terminološki slovar. ZRC SAZU, 2.izdaja.

Primeri raziskav so povzeti po člankih iz spodaj navedenih znanstvenih revij:

The Plant Cell

Protoplasma

Plant Cell and Environment

Plant and Cell Physiology

Journal of Plant Biotechnology

Trends in Plant Science

Insects

Trees

Cilji in kompetence:

1. Predstavitev zgradbe rastlinske celice, kemične sestave in mehanizmi transporta snovi v celici in preko biomembran.
2. Pregled vpliva okoljskih dejavnikov na celične tipe in celične kompartmente.
3. Ponazoritev mehanizmov sprejemanja dražljajev ter mehanizmov medceličnega in celičnega sporočanja.
4. Predstavitev tolerančnih/rezistenčnih mehanizmov rastlinske celice na stresne dejavnike in predstavitev mehanizmov detoksifikacije.
5. Uporaba metod celične biologije na področju okoljskega monitoringa in ekotoksikologije.

Objectives and competences:

1. Introduction to the structure, chemical composition and transport mechanisms within the cell and through biomembranes.
2. Overview of the impacts of environmental factors on cell types and cell compartments.
3. Insights about the mechanisms of signal perception and mechanisms of inter- and intracellular signalling.
4. Presentation of tolerance/resistance mechanisms of plant cell to stress factors at the cellular level and mechanisms of detoxification.
5. Application of methods in cell biology for environmental monitoring and ecotoxicology.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Intended learning outcomes:

Znanje in razumevanje: 1. Razumevanje in prepoznavanje celičnih sprememb zaradi vpliva stresnih dejavnikov. 2. Osvojitev principov mikroskopije in osnovnih metod v rastlinski celični biologiji. 3. Poznavanje pomena celične biologije v okoljskem monitoringu in ekotoksikologiji. Prenesljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi: 1. Prepoznavanje vpliva okoljskih dejavnikov na strukturo in delovanje celic. 2. Sposobnost uporabe citoloških metod v okoljskem monitoringu in ekotoksikologiji.	Knowledge and understanding: 1. Understanding and recognition of alterations within cells affected by stress factors. 2. Capturing principles of microscopy and basic methods in plant cell biology. 3. Throughout knowledge about the significance of cell biology in environmental monitoring and ecotoxicology. Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes: 1. Identification of the impacts of environmental factors on the plant cell structure and function. 2. Ability for using cytological methods in ecological monitoring and ecotoxicology.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja: • predavanja • laboratorijske vaje • samostojno delo	Learning and teaching methods: • lectures • laboratory work • individual work
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Delež (v %) / Weight (in %) Assessment:		
Načini ocenjevanja:		
laboratorijsko delo	30	laboratory work
pisni izpit	70	written exam

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references: 1. Senekovič, J., Jelen, Š., & Urbanek Krajnc, A. (2025). Copper Sulfate Elicitation Effect on Biomass Production, Phenolic Compounds Accumulation, and Antioxidant Activity of <i>Morus nigra</i> L. Stem Node Culture. <i>Plants</i>, 14(5), 766. 2. Laznik, Ž., Križman, M., Zekič, J., Roškarič, M., Trdan, S., & Urbanek Krajnc, A. (2024). Navigational Signals for Insect and Slug Parasitic Nematodes: The Role of Ascorbate–Glutathione System and Volatiles Released by Insect-Damaged Sweet Pepper Roots. <i>Insects</i>, 15(10), 805. 3. Jelen, Š., & Krajnc, A. U. (2023). Composition of proteins and phenolics in the leaves of different mulberry species (<i>Morus alba</i> L., <i>M. alba</i> × <i>rubra</i>, <i>M. australis</i> Poir., <i>M. nigra</i> L.). <i>Agricultura Scientia</i>, 20(1), 23-33.

4. Ambrožič-Dolinšek, J., Podgrajšek, A., Šabeder, N., Grudnik, Z. M., Urbanek Krajnc, A., Todorović, B., & Ciringer, T. (2023). The potential of *berula erecta in vitro* for As bioaccumulation and phytoremediation of water environments. *Environmental Pollutants and Bioavailability*, 35(1), 2205010.
5. Urbanek Krajnc, A., Senekovič, J., Cappellozza, S., & Mikulic-Petkovsek, M. (2023). The Darker the Better: Identification of Chemotype Profile in Soroses of Local and Introduced Mulberry Varieties with Respect to the Colour Type. *Foods*, 12(21), 3985.
6. Laznik, Ž., Križman, M., Zekič, J., Roškarič, M., Trdan, S., & Urbanek Krajnc, A. (2023). The Role of Ascorbate–Glutathione System and Volatiles Emitted by Insect-Damaged Lettuce Roots as Navigation Signals for Insect and Slug Parasitic Nematodes. *Insects*, 14(6), 559.
7. Urbanek Krajnc, A., Bakonyi, T., Ando, I., Kurucz, E., Solymosi, N., Pongrac, P., & Berčič, R. L. (2022). The effect of feeding with central european local mulberry genotypes on the development and health status of silkworms and quality parameters of raw silk. *Insects*, 13(9), 836.

LIPOVŠEK DELAKORDA, Saška, VAJS, Tanja, DARIŠ, Barbara, NOVAK, Tone, KOZEL, Peter. Autophagic activity in the midgut cells of three arachnids responds selectively to different modes of overwintering in caves. *Protoplasma*. 2024, 14 str., ilustr. ISSN 0033-183X. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00709-024-02009-x>, DOI: [10.1007/s00709-024-02009-x](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00709-024-02009-x).

LIPOVŠEK DELAKORDA, Saška, DOLENŠEK, Jurij, DARIŠ, Barbara, VALLADOLID-ACEBES, Ismael, VAJS, Tanja, LEITINGER, Gerd, STOŽER, Andraž, SKELIN, Maša. Western diet-induced ultrastructural changes in mouse pancreatic acinar cells. *Frontiers in cell and developmental biology*. 2024, vol. 12, [article no.] 1380564, 17 str. ISSN 2296-634X. <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fcell.2022.934684/full>, DOI: [10.3389/fcell.2024.1380564](https://doi.org/10.3389/fcell.2024.1380564). [COBISS.SI-ID [189348099](https://doi.org/10.3389/fcell.2024.1380564)]

KOZEL, Peter, NOVAK, Tone, JANŽEKOVICH, Franc, LIPOVŠEK DELAKORDA, Saška. Starvation hardiness as preadaptation for life in subterranean habitats. *Scientific reports*. 2023, vol. 13, article no. 9643, 18 str., ilustr. ISSN 2045-2322. <https://dk.um.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=86400>, DOI: [10.1038/s41598-023-36556-9](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-36556-9), DOI: [20.500.12556/DKUM-86400](https://doi.org/10.500.12556/DKUM-86400). [COBISS.SI-ID [155869443](https://doi.org/10.500.12556/DKUM-86400)].

LIPOVŠEK DELAKORDA, Saška, NOVAK, Tone, DARIŠ, Barbara, HOFER, Ferdinand, LEITINGER, Gerd, LETOFSKY-PAPST, Ilse. Ultrastructure of spherites in the midgut diverticula and Malpighian tubules of the harvestman *Amlenus aurantiacus* during the winter diapause. *Histochemistry and cell biology*. Jan. 2022, vol. 157, iss. 1, str. 107-118, ilustr. ISSN 0948-6143. DOI: [10.1007/s00418-021-02046-0](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00418-021-02046-0). [COBISS.SI-ID [83684611](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00418-021-02046-0)]