



Univerza v Mariboru

Fakulteta za naravoslovje
in matematiko

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Uvod v varstvo narave
Course title:	Introduction to nature conservation

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Ekologija z naravovarstvom, 1. stopnje		2	4
Ecology with nature protection, 1st. degree			

Vrsta predmeta / Course type: obvezni / obligatory

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Sem. vaje Tutorial	Lab. vaje Laboratory work	Teren. vaje Field work	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
40	5			15	90	5

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer: Damijan DENAC

Jeziki / Languages: Predavanja / Lectures: Slovenski / Slovenian
Vaje / Tutorial: Slovenski / Slovenian

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: -
Prerequisites: -

Vsebina:

Ena največjih kriz, s katerimi se spopada človeštvo, je biodiverzitetna kriza. Naravovarstvo je utemeljeno s paradigmi varstvene biologije, z zakonodajo in je velikokrat temelj lokalnih, regionalnih in nacionalnih družbenih razvojnih priložnosti. Načini varstva narave so zelo različni in obsegajo delo državnih služb, nevladnih organizacij in posameznikov. Obstajajo nacionalni in mednarodni instrumenti varstva

Content (Syllabus outline):

One of the biggest recognized crisis on the World is biodiversity loss. Nature conservation is founded in paradigms of conservation biology and in the legislation. It is often the basis for local, regional and national development perspectives. Methods in nature conservation are diverse and include the efforts of public services, NGO's and individuals. There are numerous national and international instruments, e.g. Red lists, conventions,

narave (Rdeči seznam, konvencije, nacionalna in druga zakonodaja...). Varstvo narave je krizna disciplina, zato je posebej pomembna njena učinkovitost. Obstaja velik razkorak med »teoretičnim varstvom« na papirju (v konvencijah, namerah, zakonodaji) in manifestiranim (implementacija zakonodaje, izboljšanje stanja na terenu, renaturacije...). Družbeni pomen varstva narave je predvsem v ohranjanju ekosistemskih storitev, od katerih je neposredno odvisno tudi človeštvo. Eno pomembnejših orodij varstva narave danes so naravni rezervati. Rezervate vzpostavljamo z namenom, da ohranimo diverzitetu bioloških komponent in ekoloških procesov, ki bi jih zaradi degradacije izgubili. Rezervati imajo tudi pomembno izobraževalno vlogo in služijo kot primeri trajnostnega razvoja, pri čemer je trajnostni razvoj treba obravnavati na ekološkem, ekonomskem in socialnem nivoju. Rezervati prispevajo k ohranjanju ekosistemskih storitev, brez katerih bi človeška družba čutila velike posledice. Zato je pomembno kako izbiramo rezervatne površine in kako z njimi upravljamo. Učinkovitost rezervata je odvisna najmanj od petih kritičnih dejavnikov – velikosti rezervata, raznovrstnosti in dinamike, krajinskega konteksta, pufrskih pasov in koridorjev. Velikokrat je pred vzpostavljanjem rezervata treba najprej izvesti restavriranje, torej ponovno vzpostaviti prvotno stanje. Trajnostno upravljanje z rezervati zagotavljamo na različne načine, trend novejših generacij rezervatov je v njihovi multipli rabi in integraciji, pri čemer so bistvenega pomena znanstvene/strokovne podlage, jasni cilji in v primeru različnih rab (npr. varstvo, turizem, kmetijstvo...) njihova uravnoteženost v smeri doseganja ciljev rezervata.

legislation... Nature conservation is a crisis discipline where its efficiency is of crucial importance. Discrepancy is evident between theoretical conservation on the paper and its manifestation in the field. Humankind depends to a very large extent on ecosystem services - their preservation is one of the major public benefits of nature conservation. Creation of nature reserves is nowadays one of the most important nature conservation tools. Reserves are established to preserve the diversity of biological components and ecological processes that would otherwise be lost due to degradation. Furthermore, reserves have an important role in public education and they serve as examples of sustainable development at the ecological, economic and social level. Reserves contribute to preservation of ecosystem services that are dramatically important for the society, too. Therefore selection of appropriate areas and their management are among the most important questions in the process of establishment and management of the reserves. Effectiveness of the reserve depends upon five factors – its size, heterogeneity and dynamics, landscape context, buffers, and corridors. Previous to establishment, restoration must often take place at the area. Sustainable management in the reserves can be assured by its multiple-use (e.g. conservation, tourism, farming practices etc.) but it should be science-based, clear aim-oriented and well balanced.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- Lovejoy, T.E. & L. Hannah (Eds.) (2019): Biodiversity and Climate Change. Transforming the Biosphere. Yale University Press.
- Jackson, A.L.R. (2018): Conserving Europe's Wildlife Law and Policy of the Natura 2000 Network of Protected Areas. Earthscan.
- Finlayson, C.M., Arthington, A.H. & J. Pittock (Eds.) (2017): Freshwater Ecosystems in Protected Areas. Conservation and Management. Earthscan.
- Burkhard, B., Maes, J. & A. Teller (Eds.) (2017): Mapping Ecosystem Services. Pensoft Publishers.

Begon, M. & Townsed, C.R. (2021): Ecology from Individuals to Ecosystems. Fifth Edition. Wiley-Blackwell.

Rannow, S. & M. Neubert (Eds.) (2014): Managing Protected Areas in Central and Eastern Europe Under Climate Change. Springer-Verlag.

Primack, R.B. (2014): Essentials of Conservation Biology. Sinauer Associates.

Alexander, M. (2013): Management Planning for Nature Conservation. A Theoretical Basis & Practical Guide. Springer-Verlag.

Joachim Claudet (Ed.) (2011): Marine Protected Areas. A Multidisciplinary Approach. Cambridge University Press.

Stolton, S. & N. Dudley (2010): Arguments for Protected Areas. Multiple Benefits for Conservation and Use. Earthscan.

Keulartz, J. & G. Leistra (2008): Legitimacy in European Nature Conservation Policy. Case Studies in Multilevel Governance. Springer-Verlag.

Goulson D. (2022): Silent Earth Averting the Insect Apocalypse. Vintage.

Cilji in kompetence:

Študentje spoznajo mehanizme in načine za učinkovito varstvo narave na lokalnem, regionalnem, nacionalnem in globalnem nivoju. Seznanijo se s pomenom strokovnega in znanstvenega dela v varstvu narave (pomen podatkov za odločanje, monitoringa). Spoznajo, zakaj je varstvo narave pomembno za družbeni razvoj z ekološkega, ekonomskega in socialno-političnega področja. Razumejo potrebo kompleksnega pristopa pri vzpostavljanju in upravljanju z naravnimi rezervati.

Objectives and competences:

Students become aware of mechanisms and methods for successful nature conservation at the local, regional, national and international scale. They recognize the need of expert and scientific based approach in nature conservation and become aware of the importance of nature-conservation from ecological, socio-political and economical perspective. They understand the importance of complex approach in establishing and managing nature reserves.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Študentje (se) bodo:

- Spoznali kratko zgodovino varstva narave pri nas in v svetu.
- Seznanili s primeri učinkovitih naravovarstvenih praks na različnih nivojih pri nas in v tujini (zavarovana območja, njihovo upravljanje, vključevanje javnosti).
- Spoznali pomen družbene odgovornosti in prostovoljstva ter vloge posameznika v varstvu narave.
- Spoznali povezanost varstva narave in ohranjanja ekosistemskih storitev.
- Spoznali največje dejavnike ogrožanja narave in biodiverzitete na globalnem nivoju in pri nas (globalno segrevanje, int. kmetijstvo, netrajnostni posegi, deforestacija) ter mehanizme ukrepanja za njihovo preprečevanje oz. omilitev (denimo Program razvoja podeželja, kmetijsko – okoljski ukrepi...).

Intended learning outcomes:

Students will:

- acquire knowledge of history of nature conservation in Slovenia and in the World
- become familiar with examples of efficient nature-conservation at different levels in SLO and abroad
- become aware of the role of public responsibility and of individuals in nature conservation
- understand the connection between nature conservation and protection of ecosystem services
- recognize factors with largest negative effect on nature and biodiversity globally (global warming, intensive agriculture, unsustainable activities, deforestation) and mechanisms to prevent or mitigate their effects (e.g. Rural development programme, agri-environmental schemes...)
- become familiar with the work of

- Seznani z delom državnih in nevladnih organizacij s področja varstva narave pri nas.
- Seznani s pomenom strokovne, znanstvene in etične legitimnosti v varstvu narave.
- Spoznali pomen vključevanja javnosti in izobraževanja za doseganje ciljev varstva narave.
- Spoznali pravna (Direktive, Konvencije...) in finančna orodja (nacionalni in mednarodni mehanizmi – fundacije MAVA, Euronatur, CEPF, LIFE+...) za doseganje ciljev varstva narave.
- Razumeli pomen vzpostavljanja naravnih rezervatov z vidika ohranjanja biodiverzitete in zagotavljanja ekosistemskih storitev.
- Seznani z mednarodnimi in nacionalnimi postopki za vzpostavljanje naravnih rezervatov.
- Razumeli nujne korake pri načrtovanju naravnih rezervatov.
- Seznani z elementi načrta upravljanja naravnega rezervata in razumeli pomen njegove priprave.
- Razumeli pomen conacije naravnih rezervatov in metodologijo za opredelitev con.
- Seznani s primeri dobrih praks trajnostnega upravljanja z naravnimi rezervati na vseh treh nivojih – naravovarstvenem, ekonomskem in socialnem.
- Spoznali vlogo naravnih rezervatov v širšem družbenem kontekstu (varstvo biodiverzitete, ohranjanje ekosistemskih storitev, izobraževanje, povezovanje in sodelovanje različnih sektorjev, vključevanje domačinov, omogočanje regionalnega razvoja, integracija vseh skupin javnosti in družbe, krepitev prostovoljstva, spodbujanje trajnostne rabe, zdravega načina življenja, itd.)

- governmental and NGO's in the field of nature conservation
- become aware of the importance of expert, scientific and ethical background in nature conservation
- understand the role of including public and education in achieving goals of nature conservation
- become familiar with the legislative (directives, conventions) and financial instruments (foundations, MAVA, Euronatur, CEPF, LIFE+...) for nature conservation
- become aware of importance of nature reserves establishing for biodiversity and ecosystem services protection,
- acquire knowledge on international and national procedures for establishing nature reserves,
- understand basic steps in nature reserve planning,
- acquire knowledge on how to prepare an effective management plan for nature reserve and become aware of the importance of its preparation,
- understand importance of conation in reserves and become familiar with the conation methodology,
- become familiar with best-practice examples of sustainable management in nature reserves at all three levels – ecological, economical and socio-political,
- realize the multiple role of nature reserves in broad social context (protecting biodiversity, preserving ecosystem services, education, multiple sector linking and cooperation, integrating local people, enabling regional development perspectives, integration of all groups of civil society and public, stimulating volunteering, sustainable use of natural resources, healthy life style etc.)

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Learning and teaching methods:

Predavanja, diskusije, seminarji, konzultacije, terensko delo	Lectures, discussions, seminars, consultations, field work
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Delež (v %) /

Načini ocenjevanja:

Weight (in %) **Assessment:**

Pisni izpit	70	Written examination
Seminarska naloga	30	Seminar

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

TOME, Davorin, DENAC, Damijan, VREZEC, Al. Mowing is the greatest threat to Whinchat Saxicola rubetra nests even when compared to several natural induced threats. *Journal for nature conservation*. Apr. 2020, vol. 54, [article] 125781, str. 1-8, ilustr. ISSN 1617-1381. DOI: [10.1016/j.jnc.2019.125781](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnc.2019.125781). [COBISS.SI-ID [40703749](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-40703749)], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 15. 9. 2021: št. citatov (TC): 3, čistih citatov (CI): 3, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 1,00, Scopus do 8. 1. 2023: št. citatov (TC): 4, čistih citatov (CI): 4, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 1,33]

IVAJNSIČ, Danijel, DENAC, Damijan, DENAC, Katarina, PIPENBAHER, Nataša, KALIGARIČ, Mitja. The Scops owl (*Otus scops*) under human-induced environmental change pressure. *Land use policy*. [Print ed.]. Dec. 2020, vol. 99, str. 1-8, ilustr. ISSN 0264-8377. DOI: [10.1016/j.landusepol.2020.104853](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.landusepol.2020.104853). [COBISS.SI-ID [21112579](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-21112579)], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 17. 11. 2021: št. citatov (TC): 4, čistih citatov (CI): 3, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 0,60, Scopus do 24. 10. 2021: št. citatov (TC): 5, čistih citatov (CI): 4, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 0,80] financer: ARRS, Programi, P6-0372, SI, Slovenska identiteta in kulturna zavest v jezikovno in etnično stičnih prostorih v preteklosti in sedanjosti; ARRS, Programi, P1-0403, SI, Računsko intenzivni kompleksni sistemi; ARRS, Programi, P1-0164, SI, Raziskave za zagotavljanje varne hrane in zdravja

DENAC, Damijan, BOŽIČ, Luka. Breeding population dynamics of Common Tern *Sterna hirundo* and associated gull species with overview of conservation management in continental Slovenia = Dinamika gnezditvene populacije navadne čigre *Sterna hirundo* in pridruženih vrst galebov s pregledom naravovarstvenega upravljanja v celinskem delu Slovenije. *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2019, letn. 40, št. 180/181, str. 5-48, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-7V85PG40>. [COBISS.SI-ID [88412163](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-88412163)], [SNIP]

HORVAT, Eva (avtor, fotograf), DENAC, Damijan. Dinamika populacije in raba habitatov pribe *Vanellus vanellus* v kmetijski krajini na Dravskem in Ptujskem polju (SV Slovenija) = Population dynamics and habitat use by Northern Lapwing *Vanellus vanellus* in agricultural landscape of Dravsko and Ptujsko polje (NE Slovenia). *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2019, letn. 40, št. 182/183, str. 3-22, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-R2B99ZUZ>, DOI: [10.1515/acro-2019-0009](https://doi.org/10.1515/acro-2019-0009). [COBISS.SI-ID [45360131](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-45360131)], [SNIP]

BOŽIČ, Luka (avtor, fotograf), DENAC, Damijan (avtor, fotograf). Population dynamics of five riverbed breeding bird species on the lower Drava River, NE Slovenia = Populacijska dinamika petih gnezdičk struge spodnjega dela reke Drave (SV Slovenija). *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2017, letn. 38, št. 174/175, str. 85-126, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-IAPJ4BA4>. [COBISS.SI-ID [5263439](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-5263439)], [SNIP, Scopus do 12. 2. 2023: št. citatov (TC): 1, čistih citatov (CI): 1, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 0,50]

DENAC, Katarina, KMECL, Primož, DOMANJKO, Gregor, DENAC, Damijan. Trendi ptic kmetijske krajine na Goričkem = Population trends of Goričko agricultural landscape birds. *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2017, letn. 38, št. 174/175, str. 127-159, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-RY5QFO4E>. [COBISS.SI-ID [5263695](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-5263695)], [SNIP, Scopus do 11. 11. 2022: št. citatov (TC): 2, čistih citatov (CI): 1, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 0,25]

PODLETNIK, Mojca (avtor, fotograf), DENAC, Damijan. Izbor prehranjevalnega habitata in prehrana smrdokavre *Upupa epops* v mozaični kulturni krajini na Goričkem (SV Slovenija) = Selection of foraging habitat and diet of Hoopoe *Upupa epops* in a mosaic-like cultural landscape of Goričko (NE Slovenia). *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2015, letn. 36, št. 166/167, str. 109-132, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-5TJ5SWKY>. [COBISS.SI-ID [285968640](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-285968640)], [SNIP]

TOME, Davorin, DENAC, Damijan. Survival and development of predator avoidance in the post-fledging period of the Whinchat (*Saxicola rubetra*) : consequences for conservation measures. *Journal für Ornithologie = : Journal of ornithology (1853. Print)*. 2012, vol. 153, no. 1, str. 131-138. ISSN 0021-8375. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10336-011-0713-2>, <https://repositorij.uni-lj.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=37482>, DOI: [10.1007/s10336-011-0713-2](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10336-011-0713-2). [COBISS.SI-ID [2387535](https://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-2387535)], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 11. 11. 2020: št. citatov (TC): 21, čistih citatov (CI): 19, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 9,50, Scopus do 13. 1. 2023: št. citatov (TC): 23, čistih citatov (CI): 21, čistih citatov na avtorja (CIAu): 10,50]

BOŽIČ, Luka, DENAC, Damijan. Številčnost in razširjenost izbranih gnezdičk struge reke Drave med Mariborom in Središčem ob Dravi (SV Slovenija) v letih 2006 in 2009 ter vzroki za zmanjšanje njihovih populacij = Abundance and distribution of selected breeding river-bed birds on the Drava River between Maribor and Središče ob Dravi (NE Slovenia) in 2006 and 2009, and causes of the reduction of their populations. *Acrocephalus : glasilo Društva za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2010, letn. 31, št. 144, str. 27-45, ilustr. ISSN 0351-2851. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-MCN1SAVP>, <https://repozitorij.uni-lj.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=75596>, DOI: [10.2478/v10100-010-0004-7](https://doi.org/10.2478/v10100-010-0004-7). [COBISS.SI-ID [27898073](#)]

DENAC, Damijan, KOCE, Urška, TOME, Davorin, VREZEC, Al. Lov in uravnavanje populacij ptic = Hunting and population regulation in birds. *Varstvo narave : revija za teorijo in prakso varstva naravne dediščine*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2010, št. 23, str. 39-53. ISSN 0506-4252. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:DOC-85KJ6F1N>, <https://repozitorij.uni-lj.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=56109>. [COBISS.SI-ID [26944473](#)]

DENAC, Damijan, SMOLE, Jakob, VREZEC, Al. Naravovarstveno vrednotenje aviafavne ob Savi med Krškim in Jesenicami na Dolenjskem s predlogom novega mednarodno pomembnega območja (IBA) za ptice v Sloveniji = Avifaunal conservation assessment of the Sava river between Krško and Jesenice na Dolenjskem and a proposal for a new important bird area (IBA) in Slovenia. *Natura Sloveniae : revija za terensko biologijo*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2009, letn. 11, št. 1, str. 25-57. ISSN 1580-0814. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:doc-KHNOWMUUV>, <https://repozitorij.uni-lj.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=57437>. [COBISS.SI-ID [25757145](#)]

VREZEC, Al, DENAC, Damijan, TOME, Davorin. Krokav Corvus corax na ozemlju Slovenije in bližnje okolice: analiza pojavljanja od pleistocena do danes ter odnos človeka do vrste = The Common Raven Corvus corax within the territory of Slovenia and its neighbouring countries: an analysis of the species occurrence from the Pleistocene to the present time and human's relationship with this bird species. *Scopolia : glasilo Prirodoslovnega muzeja Slovenije*. [Tiskana izd.]. 2009, št. 66, str. 1-63, ilustr. ISSN 0351-0077. <http://www.dlib.si/details/URN:NBN:SI:DOC-MHG337DC>, <https://repozitorij.uni-lj.si/IzpisGradiva.php?id=57051>. [COBISS.SI-ID [743669](#)]

DENAC, Damijan, ŠUMRADA, Tanja. Modern hunting legislation for Slovenia : a successful campaign against opening of the hunting bird list. V: SACKL, Peter (ur.), FERGER, Stefan W. (ur.). *Adriatic Flyway - bird conservation on the Balkans : proceedings of the Second Adriatic Flyway Conference in Durrës, Albania, 1 - 3 October 2014*. [Radolfzell]: EuroNatur, 2017. Str. 66-73, ilustr. ISBN 978-3-00-055897-9. [COBISS.SI-ID [3973256](#)]

SACKL, Peter, BORDJAN, Dejan, BASLE, Tilen, BOŽIČ, Luka, SMOLE, Jakob, DENAC, Damijan, ŠTUMBERGER, Borut. Spring migration of ducks in the Bojana-Buna Delta - a comparison of migration volumes and conventional count information for a key wetland site within the Adriatic flyway. V: SACKL, Peter (ur.), FERGER, Stefan W. (ur.). *Adriatic Flyway - bird conservation on the Balkans : proceedings of the Second Adriatic Flyway Conference in Durrës, Albania, 1 - 3 October 2014*. [Radolfzell]: EuroNatur, 2017. Str. 129-149, ilustr. ISBN 978-3-00-055897-9. [COBISS.SI-ID [5263951](#)]

DENAC, Damijan, BOŽIČ, Luka. Obnova rečnega ekosistema nižinskega dela Drave v Sloveniji - dosednji rezultati projekta LIVEDRAVA. V: *Zbornik referatov*. 25. Mišičev vodarski dan 2014, Maribor, 04. december. Maribor: Vodnogospodarski biro, 2014. Str. 198-206, ilustr. Mišičev vodarski dan. ISSN 1318-2226. [COBISS.SI-ID [3328847](#)]

DENAC, Damijan. Management of wet meadows and its effects on the whinchat in Slovenia = Feuchtwiesenmanagement in Slowenien und seine Auswirkungen auf das Braunkehlchen. V: BASTIAN, Hans-Valentin (ur.), FEULNER, Jürgen (ur.). *Living on the edge of extinction in Europe : proceedings of the 1st European Whinchat Symposium in Helmbrechts, May 28th/29th 2015*. Helmbrechts: Landesbund für Vogelschutz, Kreisgruppe Hof, cop. 2015. Str. 301-302. ISBN 978-3-00-049505-2. [COBISS.SI-ID [4212047](#)]

TOME, Davorin, DENAC, Damijan. The Whinchat Saxicola rubetra - a cause for concern, at least from the Slovenian point of view. V: DUDLEY, Steve (ur.). *Programme & abstracts : 9th Conference of the European Ornithologists' Union, 27-31 August 2013, Norwich*. 9th Conference of the European Ornithologists' Union, 27-31 August 2013, Norwich. Norwich: European Ornithologists' Union, 2013. Str. 233. [COBISS.SI-ID [31037401](#)]

DENAC, Damijan, TOME, Davorin. Recognition of ecological traps for Whinchat (Saxicola rubetra) in a mosaic of lowland habitat types. V: KELLER, Verena (ur.), O'HALLORAN, John (ur.). *Abstracts*. 7th Conference of the European Ornithologists' Union, 21-26 August 2009, Zurich. Sempach: Swiss Ornithological Institute, 2009. Str. 30. [COBISS.SI-ID [25955801](#)]

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