



Univerza v Mariboru

Fakulteta za naravoslovje
in matematiko

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet: Osnove mikrobiologije
Course title: Introduction to Microbiology

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Univerzitetni študijski program: Ekologija z naravovarstvom, 1. stopnja		3.	5.
Undergraduate university programme: Ecology with Nature Conservation, 1st level		3rd	5th

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Obvezni/Obligatory

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30	-	15LV	-	-	45	3

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Janja TRČEK

**Jeziki /
Languages:**

**Predavanja /
Lectures:** Slovenski
Slovene
Vaje / Tutorial: Slovenski/Slovene

**Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje
študijskih obveznosti:**

Jih ni.

Prerequisites:

No.

Vsebina:

V okviru predmeta bodo študenti spoznali tri osnovne skupine, ki so predmet obravnave v mikrobiologiji (virusi, bakterije, glive – deloma), značilnosti njihove zgradbe, osnove sistematike ter njihov ekološki pomen v različnih okoljih.

Obnovili bodo osnove metabolnih reakcij (redoks reakcije, fermentacija, aerobna in anaerobna respiracija) ter spoznali metabolno raznolikost prokariotov - heterotrofni, avtotrofni in litotrofni metabolizem.

Poudarek bo na nekaterih metabolnih posebnostih prokariotov (fiksacija dušika, redukcija sulfata, metanogeneza, razgradnja polimerov) in njihov pomen v primarni produkciji ter pri kroženju snovi v okolju.

Spoznali bodo tudi interakcije bakterij s težkimi kovinami in ksenobiotiki ter možnosti za njihovo uporabo pri bioremediaciji.

Nadalje bodo obravnavali povezave prokariotov z višjimi organizmi, ki so lahko pozitivne (pomen normalnih mikrobov pri človeku, živalih in rastlinah, pomen mikrobnih simbiotov) ali negativne (nalezljive bolezni ter vpliv ekoloških sprememb na njihov razvoj in širjenje).

Pri praktičnem delu bodo študenti spoznali osnovne tehnike izolacije, gojenja ter identifikacije ekološko pomembnih mikroorganizmov iz različnih okolij.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Students will get familiar with the three large groups which are objectives of microbiology (viruses, bacteria, fungi – partially), their structure, basic systematic and ecological importance within different ecosystems.

Basic metabolic reactions (redox reactions, fermentation, aerobic and anaerobic respiration) and the metabolic diversity of prokaryotes will be addressed (heterotrophic, autotrophic and litotrophic metabolism). Some specific types of metabolisms (nitrate fixation, sulfate reduction, methanogenesis and polymer degradation) which all have substantial role in primary production and in cycling of elements will be studied into more detail.

Interactions of prokaryotes with heavy metals and xenobiotics as well as their potential use in bioremediation will be addressed.

Students will learn about mechanisms and the importance of interactions of microbes with higher organisms: the role of normal microbes in humans, animals and plants (positive effects) and effect of ecological changes on emergence and dispersion of infectious diseases (negative effects).

In practical work, students will learn the basic techniques of isolation, cultivation and identification of ecologically important microorganisms.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- Madigan MT, Martinko JM, Bender KS, Buckley DH, Stahl DA 2014. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 14. izdaja, Benjamin Cummings, 1136 str.
- Tortora GJ, Funke BR, Case CL 2012. Microbiology: A Introduction, 11. izdaja, Benjamin Cummings, 960 str.
- Slonczewski JL, Foster JW. 2013. Microbiology: An Evolving Science. 3. izdaja. Norton WW & Company, 1408 str.

Cilji in kompetence:

- Predstaviti osnovne skupine mikroorganizmov, njihovo biologijo ter sistematiko
- Predstaviti vlogo mikroorganizmov pri naravnih procesih ter možnosti za njihovo uporabo v industriji in drugje

Objectives and competences:

- Familiarity with the biology and systematic of main groups of microorganisms.
- To explain the role of microorganisms in natural processes and their potential use in industry and elsewhere.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:**Znanje in razumevanje:**

- ekološko pomembnih skupin mikroorganizmov
- njihove vloge pri naravnih procesih

Prenesljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi:

- seznanjanje z osnovnimi pojmi v mikrobiologiji
- seznanjanje z osnovnimi mikrobiološkimi tehnikami

Intended learning outcomes:**Knowledge and understanding:**

- of ecologically important groups of microorganisms
- of their role in natural processes

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

- understanding of basic terms in microbiology
- development of practical laboratory skills and basic microbiological techniques

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja
- Laboratorijske vaje
- Individualno delo s študenti

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Laboratory excersises
- Individual work with students

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež (v %) /

Weight (in %)

Assessment:

Način (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt):

- Kolokvij
- Pisni izpit

40 %
60 %

Type (examination, oral, coursework, project):

- Partial exam
- Written or oral exam

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

1. LEE, Changhan, WIGREN, Edvard, **TRČEK, Janja**, PETERS, Verena, KIM, Jihong, HASNI, Muhammad Sharif, NIMTZ, Manfred, LINDQVIST, Ylva, PARK, Chankyu, CURTH, Ute, LÜNSDORF, Heinrich, RÖMLING, Ute. 2015. A protein quality control mechanism might contribute to survival of world-wide distributed *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* clone C strains. *Environmental Microbiology*, 17, 11, str. 4511-4526.
2. **TRČEK, Janja**, MATSUSHITA, Kazunobu. 2013. A unique enzyme of acetic acid bacteria, PQQ-dependent alcohol dehydrogenase, is also present in *Frateuria aurantia*. *Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology*, 97, 16, str. 7369-7376.
3. SLAPŠAK, Nina, CLEENWERCK, Ilse, DE VOS, Paul, **TRČEK, Janja**. 2013. *Gluconacetobacter maltaceti* sp. nov., a novel vinegar producing acetic acid bacterium. *Systematic and Applied Microbiology*, 36, 1, str. 17-21.
4. CASTRO, Cristina, CLEENWERCK, Ilse, **TRČEK, Janja**, ZULUAGA, Robin, DE VOS, Paul, CARO, Gloria, AGUIRRE, Ricardo, PUTAUX, Jean-Luc, GAÑÁN, Piedad. 2013. *Gluconacetobacter medellinensis* sp. nov., cellulose- and non-cellulose producing acetic acid bacteria isolated from vinegar. *International Journal of Systematic and Evolutionary Microbiology*, 63, 3, str. 1119-1125.
5. **TRČEK, Janja**, FUCHS, Thilo M., TRÜLZSCH, Konrad. 2010. Analysis of *Yersinia enterocolitica* invasin expression in vitro and in vivo using a novel luxCDABE reporter system. *Microbiology*, 156, 9, str. 2734-2745.