



Univerza v Mariboru
University of Maribor

Fakulteta za naravoslovje in
matematiko
Faculty of Natural Sciences
and Mathematics

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / SUBJECT SPECIFICATION	
Predmet:	Urejanje in raba kmetijskega prostora
Subject Title:	Agricultural Use and Land Planning

Študijski program Study programme	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Year	Semester Semester
Ekologija z naravovarstvom /Ecology with Nature Conservation	Ekologija z naravovarstvom /Ecology with Nature Conservation	2	

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University subject code:	
--	--

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Sem. vaje Tutorial	Lab. vaje Labor work	Teren. vaje Field work	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30				15	135	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:	Andreja BOREC
---------------------------------	---------------

Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lecture: Vaje / Tutorial:	slovenski/Slovenian slovenski/Slovenian
------------------------	--	--

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Jih ni.	Prerequisites: No.
---	-----------------------

Vsebina: <p>Spoznavanje povezanosti naravnih procesov, zlasti tistih, ki povezujejo geologijo in pedologijo, rabo tal in varstvo okolja.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Ponovitev najpomembnejših talnih lastnosti (fizikalne lastnosti, zrak v tleh, voda v tleh, kemijske lastnosti tal, organski del tal)- Odnos rastlina – tla (kroženje hranil)- Rodovitnost in vrednotenje tal (vrste	Content (Syllabus outline): <p>To get aware of natural processes, especially between geology, pedology, land use and environmental protection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- The main characteristics of soils (physical and chemical properties, air and water in the soil, soil organic matter)- Relations between soils and plants (nutrient cycle)- Soil fertility and evaluation of soils (types of pedological research, sampling, soil
---	--

<p>pedoloških raziskav, vzorčenje, talne analize in interpretiranje rezultatov analiz, kartiranje)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obdelava tal (izbira primernih tehnik Igede na učinke) - Erozija tal (problematika, vrste, učinki, kontrola, ukrepi in tehnike preprečevanja) - Hidromelioracijski ukrepi (talna vлага, merjenje vlage, načini in oblike dreniranja, izbira drenažnega sistema, viri namakanja, kvaliteta vode, načini namakanja, metoda uporabe, časovna in količinska uporaba) - Komascije (definicija, namen, zakonitost postopka, osebe v postopku, izpeljava komascije) - Onesnaževanje tal (viri in vrste onesnaževanja, organska in anorganska onesnažila, ukrepi za preprečevanje ter tehnike sanacij onesnaženih tal) - Človekov vpliv na kakovost in zdravje tal (vrste kmetovanja in njihov vpliv) - Vrednotenje in raba tal (kategorizacija, pedosekvence, talni informacijski sistem) - Tehnike in načini trajnostnega urejanja kmetijskega prostora 	<p>analysis, results interpretation, mapping)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Land cultivation (cultivation techniques in use) - Soil erosion (sources, problems, control, prevention techniques and measures) - Drainage systems and irrigation of soils (soil moisture, moisture measuring, variables in drainage design, forms of drainage systems, choice of drainage system, irrigation water sources, water quality, principles of irrigation, the method of application, timing and rates of application) - Land consolidation (definition, goals, purposes legislation, subjects involved, implementation phases) - Soil pollution (pollution sources - organic and anorganic, prevention measures, improvement techniques) - Human impact on soil quality and soil health (agricultural techniques) - Evaluation and land use (categories, soil informatics system) - Sustainable agricultural land planning
---	--

Temeljni literatura in viri / Textbooks:

- Bernhardsen, T.: 1999: Geographic Information Systems. An Introduction. John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York.
- Brady, N. C., R. R. Weil, 2002: The nature and properties of soils. 13th ed. Prentice Hall, USA.
- Briggs, D., P. Smithson, K. Addison, K. Atkinson, 1998. Fundamentals of the Physical Environment. Routledge, New York.
- Coleman, D. C., D.A. Crossley Jr., 1996: Fundamentals of soil ecology. Academic press, USA.
- Foth, H. F., 1990: Fundamentals of soil science. 8th ed. John Wiley & Sons, USA.
- Miller, R. W., D. T. Gardiner, 2001: Soils in our Environment. 9th ed. Prentice Hall, USA.
- Moser, E., 1984: Verfahrenstechnik Intensivkulturen. Paul Parey, Berlin, Hamburg.
- Rieul, L., P. Ruelle, 2003: Irrigation. Guide pratique. Cemagref Editions.
- Stritar, A., 1991: Landscapes, landscape types; Soil use and conservation in Slovenia. Stritar, I., F. Oset (Eds.), Ljubljana.
- Tiercelin, J. R., 1997: Traite d'irrigation. Londeres. Paris, New York.
- Zakonski dokumenti/ Legislation documents

Cilji:

- Zaradi vse večjega onesnaževanja iz različnih virov študenti pridobijo znanja in izkušnje identificirati območja in zemljišča, primerna za določeno rabo, na zaraščenih in degradiranih območjih pa alternativne rešitve za nadaljnjo rabo
- Pridobijo znanje o najpomembnejših ukrepih urejanja kmetijskega prostora
- Usposobijo se izbirati najustreznejše ukrepe in metode za naustreznejšo rabo predela ali tal

Objectives:

- Starting on intensifying soils pollution from different sources, students gain knowledge how to recognize soils and areas for selected land use and to find alternatives for overgrown and degraded land.
- Students acquire the most important knowledge about agricultural land planning.
- They get the knowledge of measures and methods selection to provide the most suitable land use in specific area or soil.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

- Študent bo sposoben spoznati različne vrste tal, njihove fizikalne, kemijske in biotske lastnosti ter proizvodno sposobnost
- Poznal bo vpliv različnih rab na tla in posledice možnih neustreznih rab tal (biotska, kemijska in fizikalna degradacija)
- Usposobil se bo za bo različne ukrepe varovanja tal in za izbiro metod in ukrepov pri urejanju kmetijskega prostora

Intended learning outcomes:

- Students will be qualified to recognize different soils, soil properties (physical, chemical, biotic) and its production capacity.
- Students will be qualified to use different soil protection measures and to select the adequate methods and measures for agricultural land planning.
- Student will get qualified for providing selected measures and methods of soil protection in agricultural land planning.

Prenesljive/ključne spremnosti in drugi atributi:

- Uporaba GIS-a, Avto-Cad-a in drugih programskih orodij
- Uporaba kartografskega materiala
- Sposobnost kritičnega razmišljanja
- Spretnost komuniciranja

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

- Use of GIS, Avto-Cad, and other programme tools
- Use and deal with Cartographic material
- Critical thinking
- Demonstrate skills in communications

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja
- Seminarske vaje
- Terenski ogledi

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Tutorial
- Field trips

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež (v %) / **Assessment:**
Weight (in %)

- Izdelava projekta - pisno

40

- Project work - written

- Pisni izpit

60

- Written exam

Materialni pogoji za izvedbo predmeta :

- *Multimedijnska predavalnica in računalniki z ustreznimi programi*

Material conditions for subject realization

- *Lecture hall for multimedia presentations, and PCs with required programs*

Obveznosti študentov:

(pisni, ustni izpit, naloge, projekti)

- Izdelava projekta - pisno
- Pisni izpit

Student's commitments:

(written, oral examination, coursework, projects):

- Project work - written
- Written exam