



Univerza v Mariboru



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Fakulteta za naravoslovje in
matematiko

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Matematično modeliranje
Course title:	Mathematical modelling

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Izobraževalna matematika – dvopredmetni, 1. stopnja		3.	6.
Educational mathematics – Double-major, 1 st degree		3.	6.

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Sem. vaje Tutorial	Lab. vaje Laboratory work	Teren. vaje Field work	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
30	15		15		120	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Drago Bokal

Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lectures:	SLOVENSKO/SLOVENE
	Vaje / Tutorial:	SLOVENSKO/SLOVENE

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje

študijskih obveznosti:

Opravljene obveznosti pri predmetih, ki pokrivajo vsebine predmetov Algebraične strukture, Analiza, Osnove računalništva.

Completed courses that covers the contents of the courses Algebraic structures, Analysis, Basic Computer Science.

Vsebina:

- Modeliranje sprememb z diferenčnimi enačbami.
- Matematično obnašanje dinamičnih sistemov.
- Sistemi diferenčnih enačb.
- Proses modeliranja.
- Kombinatorika in modeliranje.
- Algoritmi. Pseudokoda. Drevo rešitev.
- Izrazi, funkcije, enačbe, izjave.

Content (Syllabus outline):

- Modeling change with difference equations.
- Mathematical behavior of dynamic systems.
- Systems of difference equations.
- The process of modeling.
- Combinatorics and modeling.
- Algorithms, pseudocode, the tree of solutions.
- Expressions, functions, equations, propositions.

- Problem izpolnjevanja omejitev.
- Matematični program, linearni program, celošte-vilski program.
- Graf kot model omrežja. Problemi na grafih.
- Analiza podatkov, verjetnost, Monte Carlo simulacija.
- Parametriziranje modelov.
- Analitični modeli.

- Constraint satisfaction problems.
- Mathematical program, linear program, integer program.
- Graph as a model of a network. Problems on graphs.
- Data analysis, probability, Monte Carlo simulations.
- Model parametrization.
- Analytical models.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

Osnovno / basic:

- Dossey, Giordano, McCrone, Weir, Mathematics Methods and Modelling for today's Mathematics Classroom, Brooks/Cole, Pacific Grove, 2002.

Dodatno / additional:

- E. Zakrašek, *Matematično modeliranje*, DMFA – Založništvo, Ljubljana, 2004.
- J.D. Murray, *Mathematical biology I. An introduction*, Springer, New York, 2002.
- G. Polya, *Kako rešujemo matematične probleme*, DMFA, 1989.

Cilji in kompetence:

- Spoznati osnovne tehnike in prijeme matema-tičnega modeliranja.
- Seznaniti se s teoretičnimi ozadji matematičnega modeliranja.
- Seznaniti se s osnovnimi algoritmi in hevristikami reševanja matematičnih problemov.
- Uporabiti znanje drugih matematičnih predmetov pri analizi praktičnih problemov.
- Pridobiti izkušnje pri izdelavi matematičnega modela.
- Spoznati vire literature o problemih, ki jih srečamo pri obravnavi modela.
- Seznaniti se z načini prepoznavanja za model pomembnih podatkov o problemu.
- Pridobiti izkušnje pri pojasnjevanju matematične-ga modela in zagovarjanju njegovih predpostavk.

Objectives and competences:

- Understanding of basic techniques of mathematical modeling.
- Acquaintance with the theoretical background of mathematical modeling.
- Understanding of basic applications of algorithms and heuristics to solve mathematical problems.
- Apply the knowledge from other mathematical areas in analysis of practical problems.
- Gain experience in developing a mathematical model.
- Learn about sources of bibliography on problems related to studying mathematical models.
- Learn to distinguish the relevant data for the model under study.
- Gain experience in explaining and presenting the mathematical model and defending its assumptions.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

- Usvojenost matematičnih znanj potrebnih za izdelavo in obravnavo matematičnih modelov, ki so predstavljena med

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Understanding:

- Adoption of special mathematical knowledge needed for developing and studying mathematical models, as presented

<p>Vsebinami in Cilji.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usvojenost didaktičnih znanj potrebnih za predstavitev matematičnih modelov, ki so predstavljena med Vsebinami in Cilji. • Poznavanje matematičnih modelov, s katerimi se učitelj matematike pri pouku najpogosteje sreča in tehnik za njihovo obravnavo. <p>Prenosljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pridobljena znanja in spretnosti, ki so navedene med Vsebinami in Cilji, so podlaga za uspešno soočanje z matematičnimi modeli, ki jih učitelji srečajo tekom izvajanja pedagoške prakse. • Pridobljena spretnost povezovanja abstraktnega matematičnega znanja s primeri iz okolja, v katerem učitelj poučuje. • Pridobljena spretnost motiviranja poglabljanja abstraktnega znanja s primeri uporabe teh znanj pri praktičnih problemih. • Pridobljena spretnost uporabe sodobnih modelirnih orodij in tehnologij za namen študija matematičnih modelov. 	<p>in rubrics Contents and Objectives.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adoption of didactic knowledge and experience needed for presenting mathematical models, as presented in rubrics Contents and Objectives. • Understanding basic mathematical models that a teacher of mathematics most commonly meets while teaching mathematics, as well as techniques for their studying. <p>Transferrable/Key skills and other attributes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adopted knowledge and skills, presented in the rubrics Contents and Objectives, are the basis for successful treatment of mathematical models that the teachers meet during teaching practice. • Adopted the skill of connecting abstract mathematical knowledge with examples from the environment in which the teacher is teaching. • Adopted the skill of motivating for deepening the understanding of abstract mathematical knowledge by applying this knowledge to practical problems. • Adopted the skill of using modern modeling tools and technologies to study mathematical models. •
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<p>Metode poučevanja in učenja:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Predavanje, • laboratorijske in seminarske vaje, • razgovor, • praktična demonstracija, • uporaba IKT. 	<p>Learning and teaching methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lectures, • lab- and seminar exercises, • discussion, • practical demonstration, • applications of IT.
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Načini ocenjevanja:	Assessment:								
<p>Način (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt)</p> <p>Pisni test – problemi</p> <p>Izpit (pisni) - teorija</p> <p>Seminarska naloga</p> <p>Vsaka izmed naštetih obveznosti mora biti opravljena s pozitivno oceno.</p> <p>Pozitivni oceni pri pisnem testu in</p>	<p>Delež (v %) / Weight (in %)</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">30%</td> <td style="width: 15%;">Type (examination, oral, coursework, project):</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30%</td> <td>Written test - problems</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40%</td> <td>Exam (written) – theory</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Seminar thesis</td> </tr> </table> <p>Each of the mentioned commitments must be assessed with a passing grade.</p> <p>Passing grades of the written test and</p>	30%	Type (examination, oral, coursework, project):	30%	Written test - problems	40%	Exam (written) – theory		Seminar thesis
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30%	Written test - problems								
40%	Exam (written) – theory								
	Seminar thesis								

nalogah sta pogoj za pristop k izpitu.		coursework are required for taking the exam.
Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:		
<p>1. BOKAL, Drago, BREŠAR, Boštjan, JEREVIC, Janja. A generalization of Hungarian method and Hall's theorem with applications in wireless sensor networks. <i>Discrete appl. math.</i>. [Print ed.], 2012, vol. 160, iss. 4-5, str. 460-470. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.dam.2011.11.007. [COBISS.SI-ID 16191577]</p> <p>2. KOS, Andrej, PRISTOV, Damijan, SEDLAR, Urban, STERLE, Janez, VOLK, Mojca, VIDONJA, Tomaž, BAJEC, Marko, BOKAL, Drago, BEŠTER, Janez. Open and scalable IoT platform and its applications for real time access line monitoring and alarm correlation. <i>Lect. notes comput. sci.</i>, str. 27-38, ilustr. [COBISS.SI-ID 9370964] tipologija 1.08 -> 1.01</p> <p>3. BOKAL, Drago, DEVOS, Matt, KLAVŽAR, Sandi, MIMOTO, Aki, MOOERS, Arne Ø. Computing quadratic entropy in evolutionary trees. <i>Comput. math. appl.</i> (1987). [Print ed.], 2011, vol. 62, no. 10, str. 3821-3828. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.camwa.2011.09.030. [COBISS.SI-ID 16059481]</p> <p>4. ŽUNKO, Matjaž, BOKAL, Drago, JAGRIČ, Timotej. Testiranje modelov VaR v izjemnih okoliščinah. <i>IB rev. (Ljubl., Tisk. izd.)</i>. [Tiskana izd.], 2011, letn. 45, št. 3, str. 57-67, tabele, graf. prikazi. [COBISS.SI-ID 10777884]</p> <p>5. BOKAL, Drago, CZABARKA, Éva, SZÉKELY, László, VRT'O, Imrich. General lower bounds for the minor crossing number of graphs. <i>Discrete comput. geom.</i>, 2010, vol. 44, no. 2, str. 463-483. http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00454-010-9245-4. [COBISS.SI-ID 15636057]</p>		